

## State of Misconsin **LEGISLATIVE REFERENCE BUREAU**



# Appendix A ... segment II

## LRB BILL HISTORY RESEARCH APPENDIX

The drafting file for  $2013\ LRB-2478/P3$  (For: Rep. Vruwink)

has been copied/added to the drafting file for

2013 LRB-1449 (For: Re. Vruwink)

Are These "Companion Bills" ?? ... No

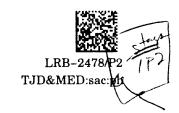
# RESEARCH APPENDIX -PLEASE KEEP WITH THE DRAFTING FILE

Date Transfer Requested: 10/02/2013 (Per: TJD)

The attached draft was incorporated into the new draft listed above. For research purposes the attached materials were added, as a appendix, to the new drafting file. If introduced this section will be scanned and added, as a separate appendix, to the electronic drafting file folder.



## State of Misconsin 2013 - 2014 LEGISLATURE



## PRELIMINARY DRAFT - NOT READY FOR INTRODUCTION

1 AN ACT to a
2 create 15
3 463 of th

AN ACT to amend 20.165 (1) (g), 440.03 (9) (a) (intro.) and 440.05 (intro.); and to create 15.405 (18), 20.165 (1) (b), 440.03 (9) (bm), 440.08 (2) (a) 46t. and chapter 463 of the statutes; relating to: creating a medicolegal investigation examining board; licensure of coroners, medical examiners, and medicolegal investigation staff members; granting rule-making authority; making an appropriation, and providing a penalty.

## Analysis by the Legislative Reference Bureau

This is a preliminary draft. An analysis will be provided in a subsequent version of this draft.

Because this bill creates a new crime or revises a penalty for an existing crime, the Joint Review Committee on Criminal Penalties may be requested to prepare a report concerning the proposed penalty and the costs or savings that are likely to result if the bill is enacted.

The people of the state of Wisconsin, represented in senate and assembly, do enact as follows:

**SECTION 1.** 15.405 (18) of the statutes is created to read:

1	15.405 (18) MEDICOLEGAL INVESTIGATION EXAMINING BOARD. There is created a
2	medicolegal investigation examining board in the department of safety and
3	professional services that shall consist of the following members appointed for
4	6-year terms:
5	(a) One coroner, one medical examiner, and one forensic pathologist, each of
6	whom are members of the Wisconsin Coroners and Medical Examiners Association.
7	(b) One licensed funeral director.
8	(c) One member of the Wisconsin District Attorneys' Association.
9	(d) One member of the Wisconsin Sheriffs and Deputy Sheriffs Association.
10	(e) One member of the Wisconsin Chiefs of Police Association.
11	(f) One member of the Wisconsin Counties Association.
12	(g) The attorney general or his or her designee.
13	(h) The state public defender or his or her designee.
14	(i) One public member.
15	Section 2. 20.005 (3) (schedule) of the statutes: at the appropriate place, insert
16	the following amounts for the purposes indicated:
17	2013-14 2014-15
18	20.165 Safety and professional services,
19	department of
20	(1) Professional regulation and administrative
21	SERVICES
22	(b) Medicolegal investigation
23	examining board GPR B 750,000 750,000
24	SECTION 3. 20.165 (1) (b) of the statutes is created to read:

training and education to individua

(1) (2)

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20.165 (1) (b) Medicolegal investigation examining board Biennially, the amounts in the schedule to provide the first 40 hours of education for each licensed

coroner, nonphysician medical examiner, and medicolegal investigation staff

member under s. 463.10 to establish regional training centers under s. 463.05 (1) (b);

and to support the medicolegal investigation examining board in performing its duties and functions.

**SECTION 4.** 20.165 (1) (g) of the statutes is amended to read:

20.165 (1) (g) General program operations. The amounts in the schedule for the licensing, rule making, and regulatory functions of the department, other than the licensing, rule-making, and credentialing functions of the medical examining board and the affiliated credentialing boards attached to the medical examining board and except for preparing, administering, and grading examinations. Ninety percent of all moneys received under chs. 440 to 480, except ch. chs. 448 and 463, ss. 440.03 (13), 440.05 (1) (b), and 446.02 (3) (a), less \$10 of each renewal fee received under s. 452.12 (5), and all moneys transferred from the appropriation under par. (i) and all moneys received under s. 440.055 (2), shall be credited to this appropriation.

SECTION 5. 440.03 (9) (a) (intro.) of the statutes is amended to read:

440.03 (9) (a) Subject to pars. (b) and (c) and except as provided in par. (bm), the department shall, biennially, determine each fee for an initial credential for which no examination is required, for a reciprocal credential, and for a credential renewal by doing all of the following:

**SECTION 6.** 440.03 (9) (bm) of the statutes is created to read:

440.03 (9) (bm) The medicolegal investigation examining board may determine the amount of any fees imposed for licenses issued under s. 463.10, in accordance with s. 463.05 (2) (a).

25 3-05 Jas affected by 2013 Wisconsin Act 20%

SECTION 7. 440.05 (intro.) of the statutes is amended to read: 440.05 Standard fees. (intro.) The following standard fees apply to all initial credentials, except as provided in ss. \40.42, 440.43, 440.44,\440.51, 444.03, 444.11, 446.02 (2) (c), 447.04 (2) (c) 2., 449.17 (1m) (d), and 449.18 (2) (d), and 463.05 (2) (a): SECTION 8. 440.08 (2) (a) 46t. of the statutes is created to read: 440.08 (2) (a) 46t. Medicolegal investigation: (4 years from the date of issuance of the initial license and, for subsequent renewals, every 4 years thereafter. 7 8 **SECTION 9.** Chapter 463 of the statutes is created to read: **CHAPTER 463** MEDICOLEGAL INVESTIGATION 463.01 Definitions. In this chapter: 11 (1) "Board" means the medicolegal investigation examining board. 12 (2) "Medical examiner" means a nonphysician medical examiner or a physician 13 medical examiner. 14 (3) "Medicolegal investigation staff member" includes a chief deputy coroner, 15 a deputy coroner, a deputy medical examiner, a medicolegal investigator, and any individual who assists the office of a coroner or medical examiner with an investigation of a death. "Medicolegal investigation staff member" does not include 18 an individual performing solely administrative functions in the office of a coroner or form 19 20 medical examiner. (4) "Nonphysician medical examiner" means an appointed medical examiner who is not a physician. 22 23 (5) "Physician" has the meaning given in s. 448.01 (5). (6) "Physician medical examiner" means an appointed medical examiner/who 25 is a physician.

\*

1 **463.05** Powers and duties of board. (1) DUTIES. The board shall do all of 2 the following: (a) Promulgate rules specifying standards and curricula for the education e to be satisfied bu requirements for individuals who possess a license in medicolegal investigation. e Cooldinate and provides on a regional basiss the (b) Establish regional training centers to provide the education described in s. 463.10 (3) and (4) 7 (c) Monitor compliance with the licensure requirements under this chapter. 8 (d) Oversee coordination of training and standards for coroners, medical 9 examiners, and medicolegal investigation staff members by certifying instructors and approving curricula. 10 (e) If a license issued under s. 463.10 is not renewed, do whichever of the 11 12 following is applicable with respect to the holder of the license: 1. If the holder of the license is a coroner, send a statement to the governor 13 recommending removal of the coroner from office because of the coroner's failure to 14 renew the license. 15 16 If the holder of the license is a nonphysician medical examiner, send a statement to the county board or county executive, if applicable, of any county in 17 18 which the individual serves recommending dismissal of the nonphysician medical 19 examiner because of the nonphysician medical examiner's failure to renew the 20 license. 21 3. If the holder of the license is a medicolegal investigation staff member, send 22 a notice to the office in which the individual works notifying the coroner or medical examiner of the staff member's failure to renew the license. 23 \*\*\*\*Note: Because you said that the license should be renewable on a 4-year cycle and that the Board may in the future require a licensure fee, I had to restructure a number of provisions. Now, submitting compliance with the education prequirements

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and any required fee are conditions of renewal (as is typically the case with other credentials) and the Board must notify the Governor, county board, or office of the failure to renew the license, instead of having the Board revoke the license. Are these changes OK?

\*\*\*\*Note: Nothing in the bill requires the Board to be notified when an individual who must be licensed is elected, hired, or appointed, and nothing requires the Board to be notified if such an individual leaves his or her position. Do you want anything in the bill to address this?

- (2) POWERS. The board may do any of the following:
- (a) Impose fees for initial licenses or for license renewals under s. 463.10 (2) and (4). If the board imposes any fee under this paragraph, the board shall set the fee at an amount commensurate with the cost of issuing licenses and monitoring compliance with the requirements under this section.

Please review this provision, which allows the Board to establish licensing fees for initial licenses and license renewals. Does this accomplish your intent? Also, note that, as drafted, Section 4 of the bill directs that all licensure fees would be deposited directly into the general fund and Section 5 provides an independent, biennial GPR appropriation. Do you instead want to direct those fees for the functions of the Board created in the bill?

(b) Promulgate and enforce any rules not inconsistent with this chapter to enforce this chapter.

463.10 License required; requirements to maintain license. (1) LICENSE REQUIRED. (a) Except as provided in par. (b), no person may perform a death investigation or perform the functions of a coroner, medical examiner, or medicolegal investigation staff member without a license in medicolegal investigation issued under this section.

Alternative (43 death)

practice as a coroner, medical examiner, or medicolegal investigation staff member without a license or to perform a death investigation without a license. Since performing death investigations is presumably one of the functions of coroners, medical examiners, and medicolegal investigation staff members, would it make more sense to remove the reference to performing a death investigation without a license? D you want to specify in further detail what the functions of a coroner, medical examiner, or medicolegal investigation staff member are, for purposes of this provision?

(b) A physician medical examiner is not required to have a medicolegal investigation license issued under this chapter.

1 (2) ISSUING OF LICENSES. (a) Initial license. The board shall issue a license in 2 medicolegal investigation to an individual if all of the following are satisfied: 3 1. The individual is elected as a coroner, is appointed to fill a vacancy as a Las a nonphysician coroner, is appointed to the position of medical examiner and is not a physician, or is hired by a coroner or medical examiner to serve as a medicolegal investigation staff 5 Before any renewal license is delivered to an individual of the individual 6 shall pay any fee established 2. The individual pays any fee imposed by the board under s. 463.05 (2) (a). 8 (b) License renewal. The renewal date for a license issued under this subsection 9 is specified under s. 440.08 (2) (a), and the fee for renewal of a license, if any, is 10 determined by the board under s. 463.05 (2) (a)/ Before any renewal license is the individual shall furnish to the board proof of delivered to an individual. 11 training or 12 completing all hours of education that are required under sub. (3) (a), subject to any 13. waiver granted under sub. (3) (b). 14 (3) EDUCATION REQUIREMENTS. (a) Each coroner, nonphysician medical 15 examiner, and medicolegal investigation staff member who possesses a license in 16 medicolegal investigation issued under sub. (2) shall satisfy all of the following 17 requirements: 1. In the 4-year period beginning on the date the license is issued, and in each 18 4-year period thereafter, complete 24 hours of education as prescribed by the board. 19 2. In the 4-year period beginning on the date the licensed is issued\satisfy any 20 21 of the following: 22 a. In addition to the hours of education specified in subd. 1., complete 16 hours 23 of education as prescribed by the board. 24 b. Obtain a waiver in the method described under par. (b).

1	(b) The board may grant a waiver of the education requirement under par. (a)	
2	2. a. to a coroner, nonphysician medical examiner, or medicolegal investigation staff	
3	member who holds a credential, in good standing, from a nationally recognized	
4	accreditation organization specializing in death investigation education and who	
5	applies to the board for a waiver from the additional education requirement under	
6	par. (a) 2. a. in the method prescribed by the board.	
7 8 9	(4) OPTIONAL LICENSE. (a) Initial license. The board may issue a license in fother than an individual required to hold a license under sub. (1); medicolegal investigation to an individual who satisfies all of the following criteria:  1. The individual guaragefully completes 40 hours of duration and individual guaragefully completes 40 hours of duration and individual guaragefully completes 40 hours of duration.	
10	1. The individual successfully completes 40 hours of education as prescribed	
10	by the board, and any additional requirements set by the board.	
11	2. The individual applies to the board for a license in the manner prescribed	
12	by the board.	
13	3. The individual pays any licensing fee imposed by the board under s. 463.05	
14	(2) (a).	~
15	(b) License renewal. The renewal date for a license issued under this subsection	
16	is specified under s. 440.08 (2) (a), and the fee for renewal of a license, if any, is	
17	determined by the board under s. 463.05 (2) (a) Before any renewal license is	
18	delivered to an individual, the individual shall do all of the following:	
19	1. Furnish to the board proof of completing, in the 4-year period preceding the	
20	renewal date, the educational requirement under sub. (3) (a) 1.	/
21	2. Fulfill any other requirements of licensure as prescribed by the board.	
22	463.15 Penalty. Any person who violates s. 463.10 (1) (a) shall be fined not	
23	more than \$1,000 or imprisoned not more than 90 days.	

SECTION 10. Nonstatutory provisions.

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1	(1) EXAMINING BOARD; INITIAL TERMS. Notwithstanding the length of terms
2	specified for the members of the medicolegal investigation examining board under
3	section 15.405 (18) of the statutes, as created by this act, initial appointments to the
4	medicolegal investigation examining board shall be made as follows:
5	(a) The forensic pathologist member under section 15.405 (18) (a) of the
6	statutes, as created by this act; the member under section 15.405 (18) (c) of the
7	statutes, as created by this act; the member under section 15.405 (18) (e) of the
8	statutes, as created by this act; and the member under section 15.405 (18) (i) of the
9	statutes, as created by this act, shall be appointed for terms expiring on May 1, 2016.
10	(b) The coroner member under section 15.405 (18) (a) of the statutes, as created
11	by this act; the member under section 15.405 (18) (b) of the statutes, as created by
12	this act; the member under section 15.405 (18) (d) of the statutes, as created by this
13	act; and the member under section 15.405 (18) (h) of the statutes, as created by this
14	act, shall be appointed for terms expiring on May 1, 2018.
15	(c) The medical examiner member under section 15.405 (18) (a) of the statutes,
16	as created by this act; the member under section 15.405 (18) (f) of the statutes, as
17	created by this act; and the member under section 15.405 (18) (g) of the statutes, as
18	created by this act, shall be appointed for terms expiring on May 1, 2020.
19	(2) Currently serving individuals. (a) In this subsection:
20	1. "Medical examiner" means a nonphysician medical examiner or a physician
21	medical examiner.
22	2. "Medicolegal investigation staff member" includes a chief deputy coroner, a
23	deputy coroner, a deputy medical examiner, a medicolegal investigator, and any

individual who assists the office of a coroner or medical examiner with an

investigation of a death. "Medicolegal investigation staff member" does not include

1	an individual performing solely administrative functions in the office of a coroner or
2	medical examiner.
3	3. "Nonphysician medical examiner" means an appointed medical examiner
4	who is not a physician.
5	4. "Physician" has the meaning given in section 448.01 (5) of the statutes.
6	5. "Physician medical examiner" means an appointed medical examiner who
7	is a physician (a)  (b) Notwithstanding section 463.10 (2) of the statutes, as created by this act,
9	the medicolegal investigation examining board shall issue an initial license in medicolegal investigation (under section 443.10 (1) of the states, as created by this act of medicolegal investigation to every individual who is serving as coroner,
11	nonphysician medical examiner, and medicolegal investigation staff member in this
12	state on the effective date of this paragraph. No fee may be charged for an initial
13	license issued under this paragraph.
14	(c) Notwithstanding section 463.10 (3) (a) 1. and 2. (intro.) of the statutes, as
15	created by this act, for a nonphysician medical examiner, medicolegal investigation
16	staff member, or coroner who is issued a license under paragraph (b), the 4-year
17	period, for purposes of section 463.10 (3) (a) 1. and 2. (intro.) of the statutes, as
18	created by this act, begins on on the effective date of this paragraph.
19	SECTION 11. Effective date.
20	(1) This act takes effect on the first day of the 13th month beginning after
21	publication.
	programs and education requirements, and other elements of the draft, there should be a delayed effective date. I have inserted a one-year delay for purposes of discussion, but you may want to discuss with DSPS to determine how long it would take to implement the requirements in this draft. You may also want to use an effective date that coincides with the terminal date.

## 2013-2014 DRAFTING INSERT FROM THE LEGISLATIVE REFERENCE BUREAU

#### INSERT 3-6

1 **SECTION 1.** 20.165 (1) (g) of the statutes, as affected by 2013 Wisconsin Act 20, 2 is amended to read: 3 20.165 (1) (g) General program operations. The amounts in the schedule for 4 the licensing, rule making, and regulatory functions of the department, other than 5 the licensing, rule-making, and credentialing functions of the medical examining 6 board and the affiliated credentialing boards attached to the medical examining 7 board and except for preparing, administering, and grading examinations. Ninety 8 percent of all moneys received under chs. 440 to 480, except ch. chs. 448 and 463 and 9 ss. 440.03 (13), and 440.05 (1) (b), and, less \$10 of each renewal fee received under 10 s. 452.12 (5); all moneys transferred from the appropriation under par. (i); and all moneys received under s. 440.055 (2), shall be credited to this appropriation. 11 History: 2013 a. 20. 12 **Section 2.** 20.165 (1) (hr) of the statutes is created to read: 13 20.165 (1) (hr) Medicolegal investigation examining board; program revenues. 14 All moneys received from fees imposed for providing training and education under s. 463.05 (2) (b) and all moneys received from fees imposed for licenses issued under 15 s. 463.10 to provide training and education to individuals licensed under s. 463.10 16 17 and to support the medicolegal investigation examining board in performing its 18 duties and functions. \*\*\*\*NOTE: This provision creates a program revenue appropriation (in addition to the other, GPR appropriation) to receive all moneys imposed by the Board that the Board charges for providing training and education and from any licensure fees imposed by the Board and appropriates those moneys back to the Board. Is this consistent with your

#### INSERT 3-25

**SECTION 3.** 440.03 (13) (b) 38m. of the statutes is created to read:

intent?

1 440.03 (13) (b) 38m. Medicolegal investigator.

\*\*\*\*NOTE: I added this provision, which allows DSPS to conduct investigations of individuals to check for criminal records, as with other credentials. Please let me know if this contrary to your intent or if other changes are needed regarding this.

#### INSERT 4-7

\*\*\*\*NOTE: Please confirm that January 2015, and every 4 years thereafter, is the correct renewal date that should apply to all licensees. Also, because the exact date that a coroner would take office could vary (it is the first Monday in January), I chose a specific renewal date of January 1. Is that OK?

#### INSERT 5-6

\*\*\*\*NOTE: Please review the changes here. Just to reiterate, this provision creates an ongoing requirement that the Board provide required training and education.

#### INSERT 5-8

2 (d) Approve instructor certification standards that must be satisfied in order for a person to conduct the training and education required under s. 463.10 (3) and (4) (a) 1. and (b) 2.

#### INSERT 6-5

5 (b) Impose a fee for the receipt of training and education provided under sub.

6 (1) (b).

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#### INSERT 7-14

- 7 (3) Training and education requirements. (a) Subject to par. (d), an individual applying for an initial renewal of a license issued under sub. (2) shall satisfy all of the following:
  - 1. Complete 24 hours of training, as prescribed by the board.
- 2. In addition to the hours of training required under subd. 1., do one of the following:
- a. Complete 16 hours of training, as prescribed by the board.

b. Obtain a waiver from the requirement under subd. 2. a. in the method
described under par. (c).

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- (b) An individual applying for a renewal of a license issued under sub. (2) subsequent to the renewal under par. (a) shall complete 24 hours of education as prescribed by the board.
- (c) The board may grant a waiver of the training requirement under par. (a) 2.

  a. to a coroner, nonphysician medical examiner, or medicolegal investigation staff member who holds a credential, in good standing, from a nationally recognized accreditation organization specializing in death investigation education and who applies to the board for a waiver in the method prescribed by the board.
- (d) If an individual is issued an initial license under sub. (2) (a) when there is less than one year remaining until the next license renewal date, paragraph (a) does not apply to the individual until the individual's first renewal following a full, 4-year licensure term.

\*\*\*\*NOTE: Please review the changes to this subsection carefully and let me know if any further changes are needed.

#### INSERT 8-19

- 1. Pay any fee established by the board under s. 463.05 (2) (a).
- 2. Furnish to the board proof of completing, in the 4-year period preceding the renewal date, 24 hours of education, as prescribed by the board. This subdivision does not apply to an individual applying for an initial renewal who is issued a license under par. (a) when there is less than one year remaining until the next license renewal date.

\*\*\*\*Note: Please review this provision, which addresses renewal requirements for individuals who obtain a license on their own.

#### INSERT 10-13

1	(a) 1 . Notwithstanding section $463.10(2)(a) 2$ . of the statutes, as created by
2	this act, no initial license fee may be imposed for individuals issued an initial license
3	under paragraph (). Autor et X
4	2. Notwithstanding s. 463.05 (2) (b), as created by this act, no fee may be
5	imposed for training provided by the board under s. 463.10(3)(a) 1. and 2., as created
6	by this act, for individuals issued an initial license under paragraph ().
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## State of Misconsin 2013 - 2014 LEGISLATURE

LRB-2478/JE2

In 8-19-13

By 8-23-13 if possible (wanted by 8 but l'ingone next u

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PRELIMINARY DRAFT - NOT READY FOR INTRODUCTION

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AN ACT to amend

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This is a preliminary draft. An analysis will be provided in a subsequent version of this draft.

Because this bill creates a new crime or revises a penalty for an existing crime, the Joint Review Committee on Criminal Penalties may be requested to prepare a report concerning the proposed penalty and the costs or savings that are likely to result if the bill is enacted.

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2	medicolegal investigation examining board in the department of safety and
3	professional services that shall consist of the following members appointed for
4	6-year terms:
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6	whom are members of the Wisconsin Coroners and Medical Examiners Association.
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12	(g) The attorney general or his or her designee.
13	(h) The state public defender or his or her designee.
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15	SECTION 2. 20.005 (3) (schedule) of the statutes: at the appropriate place, insert
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20	(1) Professional regulation and administrative
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23	examining board
24	SECTION 3. 20.165 (1) (b) of the statutes is created to read:

20.165 (1) (b) Medicolegal investigation examining board; general purpose revenue. Biennially, the amounts in the schedule to provide training and education to individuals licensed under s. 463.10 and to support the medicolegal investigation examining board in performing its duties and functions.

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20.165 (1) (hr) Medicolegal investigation examining board; program revenues. All moneys received from fees imposed for providing training and education under s. 463.05 (2) (b) and all moneys received from fees imposed for licenses issued under s. 463.10 to provide training and education to individuals licensed under s. 463.10 and to support the medicolegal investigation examining board in performing its duties and functions.

<sup>\*\*\*\*</sup>NOTE: This provision creates a program revenue appropriation (in addition to the other, GPR appropriation) to receive all moneys imposed by the Board that the Board charges for providing training and education and from any licensure fees imposed by the Board and appropriates those moneys back to the Board. Is this consistent with your intent?

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16	(c) 2., 449.17 (1m) (d), and 449.18 (2) (d), and 463.05 (2) (a):
17	SECTION 10. 440.08 (2) (a) 46t. of the statutes is created to read:
18	440.08 (2) (a) 46t. Medicolegal investigation: January 1, 2015, and every 4
19	years thereafter.
	****Note: Please confirm that January 2015, and every 4 years thereafter, is the correct renewal date that should apply to all licensees. Also, because the exact date that a coroner would take office could vary (it is the first Monday in January), I chose a specific renewal date of January 1. Is that OK?

**SECTION 11.** Chapter 463 of the statutes is created to read:

1	CHAPTER 405
2	MEDICOLEGAL INVESTIGATION
3	463.01 Definitions. In this chapter:
4	(1) "Board" means the medicolegal investigation examining board.
5	(2) "Medical examiner" means a nonphysician medical examiner or a physician
6	medical examiner.
7	(3) "Medicolegal investigation staff member" includes a chief deputy coroner,
8	a deputy coroner, a deputy medical examiner, and any individual who assists the
9	office of a coroner or medical examiner with an investigation of a death. "Medicolegal
10	investigation staff member" does not include an individual performing solely
11	administrative functions in the office of a coroner or medical examiner.
12	(4) "Nonphysician medical examiner" means a medical examiner appointed
13	under s. 59.34 (1) (a) or 59.38 (5) who is not a physician.
14	(5) "Physician" has the meaning given in s. 448.01 (5).
15	(6) "Physician medical examiner" means a medical examiner appointed under
16	s. 59.34 (1) (a) or 59.38 (5) who is a physician.
17	463.05 Powers and duties of board. (1) DUTIES. The board shall do all of
18	the following:
19	(a) Promulgate rules specifying standards and curricula for the training and
20	education requirements to be satisfied by individuals who possess a license in
21	medicolegal investigation.
22	(b) Coordinate and provide, on a regional basis, the training and education
23	described in s. 463.10 (3) and (4) (a) 1. and (b) 2.
	****Note: Please review the changes here. Just to reiterate, this provision creates

	•	•
2	(d) Approve instructor certification standards that must be sa	atisfied in order
3	for a person to conduct the training and education required under s	. 463.10 (3) and
1	(4) (a) 1. and (b) 2.	AANU
7	(a) If a ligance issued under a 463 10 is not renewed do for	high around of the



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(e) If a license issued under s. 463.10 is not renewed, do whichever of the following is applicable with respect to the holder of the license:

(c) Monitor compliance with the licensure requirements under this chapter.

- 1. If the holder of the license is a coroner, send a statement to the governor recommending removal of the coroner from office because of the coroner's failure to renew the license.
- 2. If the holder of the license is a nonphysician medical examiner, send a statement to the county board or county executive, if applicable, of any county in which the individual serves recommending dismissal of the nonphysician medical examiner because of the nonphysician medical examiner's failure to renew the license.
- 3. If the holder of the license is a medicolegal investigation staff member, send a notice to the office in which the individual works notifying the coroner or medical examiner of the staff member's failure to renew the license.

\*\*\*\*NOTE: Because you said that the license should be renewable on a 4-year cycle and that the Board may in the future require a licensure fee, I had to restructure a number of provisions. Now, submitting compliance with the training and education requirements and any required fee are conditions of renewal (as is typically the case with other credentials) and the Board must notify the Governor, county board, or office of the failure to renew the license, instead of having the Board revoke the license. Are these changes OK?

\*\*\*\*Note: Nothing in the bill requires the Board to be notified when an individual who must be licensed is elected, hired, or appointed, and nothing requires the Board to be notified if such an individual leaves his or her position. Do you want anything in the bill to address this?

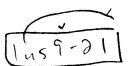
1	(a) Impose fees for initial licenses or for license renewals under s. 463.10 (2) and
2	(4). If the board imposes any fee under this paragraph, the board shall set the fee
3	at an amount commensurate with the cost of issuing licenses and monitoring
4	compliance with this chapter.
	****Note: Please review this provision, which allows the Board to establish licensing fees for initial licenses and license renewals. Does this accomplish your intent?
5	(b) Impose a fee for the receipt of training and education provided under sub.
6	(1) (b).
7	(c) Promulgate and enforce any rules not inconsistent with this chapter to
8	enforce this chapter.
9	463.10 License required; requirements to maintain license. (1) LICENSE
10	REQUIRED. (a) Except as provided in par. (b), no person may perform a death
11	investigation or perform the functions of a coroner, medical examiner, or medicolegal
12	investigation staff member without a license in medicolegal investigation issued
12 13	investigation staff member without a license in medicolegal investigation issued under this section.
	under this section.  ****Note: See created section 463.15, below, which makes it a misdemeanor to practice as a coroner, medical examiner, or medicolegal investigation staff member without a license or to perform a death investigation without a license. Since performing death investigations is presumably one of the functions of coroners, medical examiners, and medicolegal investigation staff members, would it make more sense to remove the reference to performing a death investigation without a license? Alternatively, do you want to specify in further detail what the functions of a coroner, medical examiner, or
13	under this section.  ****Note: See created section 463.15, below, which makes it a misdemeanor to practice as a coroner, medical examiner, or medicolegal investigation staff member without a license or to perform a death investigation without a license. Since performing death investigations is presumably one of the functions of coroners, medical examiners, and medicolegal investigation staff members, would it make more sense to remove the reference to performing a death investigation without a license? Alternatively, do you want to specify in further detail what the functions of a coroner, medical examiner, or medicolegal investigation staff member are, for purposes of this provision?
13	under this section.  ****Note: See created section 463.15, below, which makes it a misdemeanor to practice as a coroner, medical examiner, or medicolegal investigation staff member without a license or to perform a death investigation without a license. Since performing death investigations is presumably one of the functions of coroners, medical examiners, and medicolegal investigation staff members, would it make more sense to remove the reference to performing a death investigation without a license? Alternatively, do you want to specify in further detail what the functions of a coroner, medical examiner, or medicolegal investigation staff member are, for purposes of this provision?  (b) A physician medical examiner is not required to have a license in
13 14 15	under this section.  ****Note: See created section 463.15, below, which makes it a misdemeanor to practice as a coroner, medical examiner, or medicolegal investigation staff member without a license or to perform a death investigation without a license. Since performing death investigations is presumably one of the functions of coroners, medical examiners, and medicolegal investigation staff members, would it make more sense to remove the reference to performing a death investigation without a license? Alternatively, do you want to specify in further detail what the functions of a coroner, medical examiner, or medicolegal investigation staff member are, for purposes of this provision?  (b) A physician medical examiner is not required to have a license in medicolegal investigation issued under this section.
14 15 16	under this section.  *****Note: See created section 463.15, below, which makes it a misdemeanor to practice as a coroner, medical examiner, or medicolegal investigation staff member without a license or to perform a death investigation without a license. Since performing death investigations is presumably one of the functions of coroners, medical examiners, and medicolegal investigation staff members, would it make more sense to remove the reference to performing a death investigation without a license? Alternatively, do you want to specify in further detail what the functions of a coroner, medical examiner, or medicolegal investigation staff member are, for purposes of this provision?  (b) A physician medical examiner is not required to have a license in medicolegal investigation issued under this section.

or medical examiner to serve as a medicolegal investigation staff member.

2. The individual pays any fee imposed by the board under s. 463.05 (2) (a).
(b) License renewal. The renewal date for a license issued under this subsection
is specified under s. 440.08 (2) (a). Before any renewal license is delivered to an
individual, the individual shall pay any fee established by the board under s. 463.05
(2) (a) and furnish to the board proof of completing all hours of training or education
required under sub. (3), subject to any waiver granted under sub. (3) (c).
(3) TRAINING AND EDUCATION REQUIREMENTS. (a) Subject to par. (d), an individual
applying for an initial renewal of a license issued under sub. (2) shall satisfy all of
the following:
1. Complete 24 hours of training, as prescribed by the board.
2. In addition to the hours of training required under subd. 1., do one of the
following:
a. Complete 16 hours of training, as prescribed by the board.
b. Obtain a waiver from the requirement under subd. 2. a. in the method
described under par. (c).
(b) An individual applying for a renewal of a license issued under sub. (2)
subsequent to the renewal under par. (a) shall complete 24 hours of education as
prescribed by the board.
(c) The board may grant a waiver of the training requirement under par. (a) 2.
a. to a coroner, nonphysician medical examiner, or medicolegal investigation staff
member who holds a credential, in good standing, from a nationally recognized
accreditation organization specializing in death investigation education and who
applies to the board for a waiver in the method prescribed by the board.
(d) If an individual is issued an initial license under sub. (2) (a) when there is
less than one year remaining until the next license renewal date, par. (a) does not

1	apply to the individual until the individual's first renewal following a full, 4-year
2	licensure term.
	****Note: Please review the changes to this subsection carefully and let me know if any further changes are needed.
3	(4) OPTIONAL LICENSE. (a) Initial license. The board may issue a license in
4	medicolegal investigation to an individual, other than an individual required to hold
5	a license under sub. (1), who satisfies all of the following criteria:
6	1. The individual successfully completes 40 hours of training, as prescribed by
7	the board, and any additional requirements set by the board.
8	2. The individual applies to the board for a license in the manner prescribed
9	by the board.
10	3. The individual pays any licensing fee imposed by the board under s. 463.05
11	(2) (a).
12	(b) License renewal. The renewal date for a license issued under this subsection
13	is specified under s. 440.08 (2) (a). Before any renewal license is delivered to an
14	individual, the individual shall do all of the following:
15	1. Pay any fee established by the board under s. 463.05 (2) (a).
16	2. Furnish to the board proof of completing, in the 4-year period preceding the
17	renewal date, 24 hours of education, as prescribed by the board. This subdivision
18	does not apply to an individual applying for an initial renewal who is issued a license
19	under par. (a) when there is less than one year remaining until the next license
20	renewal date.
	****Note: Please review this provision, which addresses renewal requirements for

3. Fulfill any other requirements of licensure as prescribed by the board.



1	463.15 Penalty. Any person who violates s. 463.10 (1) (a) shall be fined not
2	more than \$1,000 or imprisoned not more than 90 days.
3	SECTION 12. Nonstatutory provisions.
4	(1) EXAMINING BOARD; INITIAL TERMS. Notwithstanding the length of terms
5	specified for the members of the medicolegal investigation examining board under
6	section 15.405 (18) of the statutes, as created by this act, initial appointments to the
7	medicolegal investigation examining board shall be made as follows:
8	(a) The forensic pathologist member under section 15.405 (18) (a) of the
9	statutes, as created by this act; the member under section 15.405 (18) (c) of the
10	statutes, as created by this act; the member under section 15.405 (18) (e) of the
11	statutes, as created by this act; and the member under section 15.405 (18) (i) of the
12	statutes, as created by this act, shall be appointed for terms expiring on May 1, 2016.
13	(b) The coroner member under section 15.405 (18) (a) of the statutes, as created
14	by this act; the member under section 15.405 (18) (b) of the statutes, as created by
15	this act; the member under section 15.405 (18) (d) of the statutes, as created by this
16	act; and the member under section 15.405 (18) (h) of the statutes, as created by this
17	act, shall be appointed for terms expiring on May 1, 2018.
18	(c) The medical examiner member under section 15.405 (18) (a) of the statutes,
19	as created by this act; the member under section 15.405 (18) (f) of the statutes, as
20	created by this act; and the member under section 15.405 (18) (g) of the statutes, as
21	created by this act, shall be appointed for terms expiring on May 1, 2020.
22	(2) CURRENTLY SERVING INDIVIDUALS. (a) In this subsection:
23	1. "Medical examiner" means a nonphysician medical examiner or a physician
24	medical examiner.

1 2. "Medicolegal investigation staff member" includes a chief deputy coroner, a 2 deputy coroner, a deputy medical examiner, and any individual who assists the office 3 of a coroner or medical examiner with an investigation of a death. "Medicolegal 4 investigation staff member" does not include an individual performing solely 5 administrative functions in the office of a coroner or medical examiner. 6 3. "Nonphysician medical examiner" means an appointed medical examiner who is not a physician. 4. "Physician" has the meaning given in section 448.01 (5) of the statutes. 5. "Physician medical examiner" means an appointed medical examiner who 10 is a physician. 11 (b) Notwithstanding section 463.10 (2) (a) of the statutes, as created by this act, 12 the medicolegal investigation examining board shall issue an initial license in 13 medicolegal investigation under section 463.10 (2) of the statutes, as created by this 14 act, to every individual who is serving as coroner, nonphysician medical examiner, 15 and medicolegal investigation staff member in this state on the effective date of this 16 paragraph. 17 (c) 1. Notwithstanding section 463.10 (2) (a) 2. of the statutes, as created by this 18 act, no initial license fee may be imposed for individuals issued an initial license 19 under paragraph (b). 20 2. Notwithstanding s. 463.05 (2) (b), as created by this act, no fee may be 21 imposed for training provided by the board under s. 463.10 (3) (a) 1. and 2., as created 22 by this act, for individuals issued an initial license under paragraph (b). 23 SECTION 13. Effective date. 24 (1) This act takes effect on the first day of the 13th month beginning after 25 publication.

programs and education requirements, and other elements of the draft, there should be a delayed effective date. I have inserted a one—year delay for purposes of discussion, but you may want to discuss with DSPS to determine how long it would take to implement the requirements in this draft. You may also want to use an effective date that coincides with the renewal date.

)-note >

(END)

## 2013-2014 DRAFTING INSERT FROM THE LEGISLATIVE REFERENCE BUREAU

#### **INSERT ANALYSIS**

Current law provides for the election of coroners for four-year terms by the electors of each county or of more than one county in certain cases, except that a county with a population of more than 500,000 must, and a county with a population of less than 500,000 may, abolish the office of coroner and establish a medical examiner system. Under the medical examiner system, a medical examiner is appointed by the county board or, in populous counties, by the county executive. Current law does not otherwise specify any particular requirements that an individual must fulfill in order to hold the office of coroner or to be appointed as a medical examiner. Coroners and medical examiners have various duties and powers specified by law related to deaths occurring in this state, including receiving reports of deaths, participating in inquest proceedings, determining causes of death, ordering autopsies, administering provisions related to making anatomical gifts, and issuing cremation permits.

Generally, this bill establishes a requirement that coroners, medical examiners, and chief deputy coroners, deputy coroners, deputy medical examiners, and other individuals who assist coroners and medical examiners with death investigations (medicolegal investigation staff members) obtain a license in order to perform death investigations and their other functions and creates a Medicolegal Investigation Examining Board (board) in the Department of Safety and Professional Services to establish and administer these licensure requirements. Specifically, the bill does all of the following:

## Licensure of coroners, medical examiners, medicalegal investigators, and others

The bill establishes a prohibition against performing a death investigation or performing the functions of a coroner, medical examiner, or medicolegal investigation staff member without a license in medicolegal investigation issued by the board, except that the bill exempts medical examiners who are physicians licensed by the Medical Examining Board from this requirement. Any person who violates the prohibition may be subject to a fine of not more than \$1,000 and imprisonment of up to 90 days.

The bill requires the board to issue an initial license in medicolegal investigation, at no charge, to every individual who is serving as a coroner, nonphysician medical examiner, and medicolegal investigation staff member in this state on the bill's effective date. The bill requires each such individual to complete, prior to the next license renewal date, 40 hours of training, except that the bill allows an individual who holds a credential, in good standing, from a nationally recognized accreditation organization specializing in death investigation education to receive a waiver from completing 16 of those 40 hours. The bill requires the board to provide, at no cost, the required hours of training to these individuals.

The bill also requires the board to issue a license in medicolegal investigation to any individual who is elected as a coroner, is appointed to fill a vacancy as a coroner, is appointed as a nonphysician medical examiner, or is hired to serve as a medicolegal investigation staff member after the bill's effective date, if the individual

pays any initial license fee imposed by the board. The bill generally requires such an individual to complete 40 hours of training, but similarly allows for a waiver of 16 hours of this training and provides that an individual who was issued his or her initial license with less than one year remaining before the next renewal date, he or she need not complete the 40 hours of training until the following renewal. The bill allows the board to impose a fee for the provision of this training for individuals elected, appointed, or hired after the bill's effective date.

Finally, the bill allows an individual who is not serving as a coroner, medical examiner, or medicolegal investigator to obtain a license in medicolegal investigation from the board if he or she first completes 40 hours of training and pays any licensure fee established by the board.

The bill provides that the renewal date for any license in medicolegal investigation is January 1, 2015, and every four years thereafter. In order to renew a license, a license holder must pay any renewal fee imposed by the board and complete any required training or, for subsequent renewals, complete 24 hours of education.

## Medicolegal Investigation Examining Board; powers and duties

The bill provides for the creation of the eleven-member board, to be composed of a coroner; a medical examiner; a forensic pathologist; a funeral director; members of three specified law enforcement organizations; a member of the Wisconsin Counties Association; the attorney general or his or her designee; the state public defender or his or her designee; and one public member, appointed for six-year terms. The bill requires the board to do all of the following:

- 1. Promulgate rules specifying standards and curricula for training and education requirements for individuals holding a license in medicolegal investigation issued by the board.
- 2. Coordinate and provide, on a regional basis, training and education for holders of licenses issued by the board.
- 3. Monitor compliance with the licensure requirements created by the bill.

  The bill also requires the board, if a license is not renewed for any reason, to do any of the following that applies to the license holder:
- 1. If the license holder is a coroner, send a statement to the Governor recommending removal of the coroner from office because of the coroner's failure to renew the license.
- 2. If the license holder is a medical examiner who is not a licensed physician, send a statement to the county board or county executive, if applicable, of any county in which the license holder serves recommending dismissal of the nonphysician medical examiner's failure to renew the license.
- 3. If the license holder is a medicolegal investigation staff member, send a notice to the office in which the individual works notifying the coroner or medical examiner of the staff member's failure to renew the license.
- 4. Provide the required training and education to license holders. The bill allows the board to impose fees for licenses issued after the bill's effective date and

for license renewals, and to impose fees for providing training to those licensed after the bill's effective date and for providing the education required to renew a license.

The bill requires an individual who is elected as a coroner, is appointed to fill a vacancy as a coroner, is appointed as a nonphysician medical examiner, or is hired to serve as a medicolegal investigation staff member, and who leaves his or her position as a coroner, medical examiner, or medicolegal investigation staff member, to so inform the board.

The bill appropriates to the board all moneys received from training, education, and licensure fees and appropriates additional GPR funding to the board for the purpose of carrying out its functions.

Because this bill creates a new crime or revises a penalty for an existing crime, the Joint Review Committee on Criminal Penalties may be requested to prepare a report concerning the proposed penalty and the costs or savings that are likely to result if the bill is enacted.

For further information see the *state and local* fiscal estimate, which will be printed as an appendix to this bill.

9 (5) BOARD NOTIFICATION REQUIREMENTS
INSERT MAN 9-21

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(c) An individual who is elected as a coroner, is appointed to fill a vacancy as a coroner, is appointed as a nonphysician medical examiner, or is hired by a coroner or medical examiner to serve as a medicolegal investigation staff member shall, if he or she leaves his or her position as a coroner, medical examiner, or medicolegal investigation staff member, so inform the board.

#### INSERT 11-6

a medical examiner appointed under section 59.34 (1) (a) or 59.38 (5) of the statutes who is not a physician.

#### INSERT 11-9

a medical examiner appointed under section 59.34 (1) (a) or 59.38 (5) of the statutes who is a physician.

# DRAFTER'S NOTE FROM THE LEGISLATIVE REFERENCE BUREAU

LRB-2478/P3dn MED:./....

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Dole

Note that I corrected an error regarding the appointment of initial members of the board, changing references to expiration dates of initial terms, from May 1 to July 1. May 1 is the expiration date of terms of officers on other boards, but for examining boards, the correct date is July 1.

Michael Duchek Legislative Attorney Phone: (608) 266-0130

E-mail: michael.duchek@legis.wisconsin.gov

## DRAFTER'S NOTE FROM THE LEGISLATIVE REFERENCE BUREAU

LRB-2478/P3dn MED:eev:jf

August 20, 2013

Note that I corrected an error regarding the appointment of initial members of the board, changing references to expiration dates of initial terms from May 1 to July 1. May 1 is the expiration date of terms of officers on other boards, but for examining boards, the correct date is July 1.

Michael Duchek Legislative Attorney Phone: (608) 266-0130

E-mail: michael.duchek@legis.wisconsin.gov



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# State of Wisconsin 2013 - 2014 LEGISLATURE



## PRELIMINARY DRAFT - NOT READY FOR INTRODUCTION

AN ACT to amend 20.165 (1) (g), 440.03 (9) (a) (intro.) and 440.05 (intro.); and to create 15.405 (18), 20.165 (1) (b), 20.165 (1) (hr), 440.03 (9) (bm), 440.03 (13) (b) 38m., 440.08 (2) (a) 46t. and chapter 463 of the statutes; relating to: creating a medicolegal investigation examining board; licensure of coroners, medical examiners, and medicolegal investigation staff members; granting rule-making authority; making an appropriation; and providing a penalty.

### Analysis by the Legislative Reference Bureau

Current law provides for the election of coroners for four-year terms by the electors of each county or of more than one county in certain cases, except that a county with a population of more than 500,000 must, and a county with a population of less than 500,000 may, abolish the office of coroner and establish a medical examiner system. Under the medical examiner system, a medical examiner is appointed by the county board or, in populous counties, by the county executive. Current law does not otherwise specify any particular requirements that an individual must fulfill in order to hold the office of coroner or to be appointed as a medical examiner. Coroners and medical examiners have various duties and powers specified by law related to deaths occurring in this state, including receiving reports of deaths, participating in inquest proceedings, determining causes of death, ordering autopsies, administering provisions related to making anatomical gifts, and issuing cremation permits.

Generally, this bill establishes a requirement that coroners, medical examiners, and chief deputy coroners, deputy coroners, deputy medical examiners, and other individuals who assist coroners and medical examiners with death investigations (medicolegal investigation staff members) obtain a license in order to perform death investigations and their other functions and creates a Medicolegal Investigation Examining Board (board) in the Department of Safety and Professional Services to establish and administer these licensure requirements. Specifically, the bill does all of the following:

# Licensure of coroners, medical examiners, medicalegal investigators, and others

The bill establishes a prohibition against performing a death investigation or performing the functions of a coroner, medical examiner, or medicolegal investigation staff member without a license in medicolegal investigation issued by the board, except that the bill exempts medical examiners who are physicians licensed by the Medical Examining Board from this requirement. Any person who violates the prohibition may be subject to a fine of not more than \$1,000 and imprisonment of up to 90 days.

The bill requires the board to issue an initial license in medicolegal investigation, at no charge, to every individual who is serving as a coroner, nonphysician medical examiner, and medicolegal investigation staff member in this state on the bill's effective date. The bill requires each such individual to complete, prior to the next license renewal date, 40 hours of training, except that the bill allows an individual who holds a credential, in good standing, from a nationally recognized accreditation organization specializing in death investigation education to receive a waiver from completing 16 of those 40 hours. The bill requires the board to provide, at no cost, the required hours of training to these individuals.

The bill also requires the board to issue a license in medicolegal investigation to any individual who is elected as a coroner, is appointed to fill a vacancy as a coroner, is appointed as a nonphysician medical examiner, or is hired to serve as a medicolegal investigation staff member after the bill's effective date, if the individual pays any initial license fee imposed by the board. The bill generally requires such an individual to complete 40 hours of training, but similarly allows for a waiver of 16 hours of this training and provides that an individual who was issued his or her initial license with less than one year remaining before the next renewal date need not complete the 40 hours of training until the following renewal. The bill allows the board to impose a fee for the provision of this training for individuals elected, appointed, or hired after the bill's effective date.

Finally, the bill allows an individual who is not serving as a coroner, medical examiner, or medicolegal investigator to obtain a license in medicolegal investigation from the board if he or she first completes 40 hours of training and pays any licensure fee established by the board.

The bill provides that the renewal date for any license in medicolegal investigation is January 1, 2015, and every four years thereafter. In order to renew a license, a license holder must pay any renewal fee imposed by the board and

complete any required training or, for subsequent renewals, complete 24 hours of education.

## Medicolegal Investigation Examining Board; powers and duties

The bill provides for the creation of the eleven-member board, to be composed of a coroner; a medical examiner; a forensic pathologist; a funeral director; members of three specified law enforcement organizations; a member of the Wisconsin Counties Association; the attorney general or his or her designee; the state public defender or his or her designee; and one public member, appointed for six-year terms. The bill requires the board to do all of the following:

- 1. Promulgate rules specifying standards and curricula for training and education requirements for individuals holding a license in medicolegal investigation issued by the board.
- 2. Coordinate and provide, on a regional basis, training and education for holders of licenses issued by the board.
  - 3. Monitor compliance with the licensure requirements created by the bill.

The bill also requires the board, if a license is not renewed for any reason, to do any of the following that applies to the license holder:

- 1. If the license holder is a coroner, send a statement to the Governor recommending removal of the coroner from office because of the coroner's failure to renew the license.
- 2. If the license holder is a medical examiner who is not a licensed physician, send a statement to the county board or county executive, if applicable, of any county in which the license holder serves, recommending dismissal of the nonphysician medical examiner because of the nonphysician medical examiner's failure to renew the license.
- 3. If the license holder is a medicolegal investigation staff member, send a notice to the office in which the individual works notifying the coroner or medical examiner of the staff member's failure to renew the license.
- 4. Provide the required training and education to license holders. The bill allows the board to impose fees for licenses issued after the bill's effective date and for license renewals, and to impose fees for providing training to those licensed after the bill's effective date and for providing the education required to renew a license.

The bill requires an individual who is elected as a coroner, is appointed to fill a vacancy as a coroner, is appointed as a nonphysician medical examiner, or is hired to serve as a medicolegal investigation staff member, and who leaves his or her position as a coroner, medical examiner, or medicolegal investigation staff member, to so inform the board.

The bill appropriates to the board all moneys received from training, education, and licensure fees and appropriates additional GPR funding to the board for the purpose of carrying out its functions.

Because this bill creates a new crime or revises a penalty for an existing crime, the Joint Review Committee on Criminal Penalties may be requested to prepare a report concerning the proposed penalty and the costs or savings that are likely to result if the bill is enacted.

For further information see the **state and local** fiscal estimate, which will be printed as an appendix to this bill.

# The people of the state of Wisconsin, represented in senate and assembly, do enact as follows:

1	SECTION 1. 15.405 (18) of the statutes is created to read:
2	15.405 (18) Medicolegal investigation examining board. There is created a
3	medicolegal investigation examining board in the department of safety and
4	professional services that shall consist of the following members appointed for
5	6-year terms:
6	(a) One coroner, one medical examiner, and one forensic pathologist, each of
7	whom are members of the Wisconsin Coroners and Medical Examiners Association.
8	(b) One licensed funeral director.
9	(c) One member of the Wisconsin District Attorneys' Association.
10	(d) One member of the Wisconsin Sheriffs and Deputy Sheriffs Association.
11	(e) One member of the Wisconsin Chiefs of Police Association.
12	(f) One member of the Wisconsin Counties Association.
13	(g) The attorney general or his or her designee.
14	(h) The state public defender or his or her designee.
15	(i) One public member.
16	SECTION 2. 20.005 (3) (schedule) of the statutes: at the appropriate place, insert
17	the following amounts for the purposes indicated:

1	2013-14 2014-15
2	20.165 Safety and professional services,
3	department of
4	(1) Professional regulation and administrative
5	SERVICES
6	(b) Medicolegal investigation
7	examining board; general pur-
8	pose revenue GPR B 750,000 750,000
9	SECTION 3. 20.165 (1) (b) of the statutes is created to read:
10	20.165 (1) (b) Medicolegal investigation examining board; general purpose
11	revenue. Biennially, the amounts in the schedule to provide training and education
12	to individuals licensed under s. 463.10 and to support the medicolegal investigation
13	examining board in performing its duties and functions.
14	SECTION 4. 20.165 (1) (g) of the statutes, as affected by 2013 Wisconsin Act 20,
15	is amended to read:
16	20.165 (1) (g) General program operations. The amounts in the schedule for
17	the licensing, rule making, and regulatory functions of the department, other than
18	the licensing, rule-making, and credentialing functions of the medical examining
19	board and the affiliated credentialing boards attached to the medical examining
20	board and except for preparing, administering, and grading examinations. Ninety
21	percent of all moneys received under chs. 440 to 480, except ch. chs. 448 and 463 and
22	ss. 440.03 (13), and 440.05 (1) (b), and, less \$10 of each renewal fee received under
23	s. 452.12 (5); all moneys transferred from the appropriation under par. (i); and all
24	moneys received under s. $440.055 (2)_{5}$ shall be credited to this appropriation.

1	<b>SECTION 5.</b> 20.165 (1) (hr) of the statutes is created to read:
2	20.165 (1) (hr) Medicolegal investigation examining board; program revenues.
3	All moneys received from fees imposed for providing training and education under
4	s. 463.05 (2) (b) and all moneys received from fees imposed for licenses issued under
5	s. 463.10 to provide training and education to individuals licensed under s. 463.10
6	and to support the medicolegal investigation examining board in performing its
7	duties and functions.
8	SECTION 6. 440.03 (9) (a) (intro.) of the statutes is amended to read:
9	440.03 (9) (a) Subject to pars. (b) and (c) and except as provided in par. (bm),
10	the department shall, biennially, determine each fee for an initial credential for
11	which no examination is required, for a reciprocal credential, and for a credential
12	renewal by doing all of the following:
13	SECTION 7. 440.03 (9) (bm) of the statutes is created to read:
14	440.03 (9) (bm) The medicolegal investigation examining board may determine
15	the amount of any fees imposed for licenses issued under s. 463.10, in accordance
16	with s. 463.05 (2) (a).
17	SECTION 8. 440.03 (13) (b) 38m. of the statutes is created to read:
18	440.03 (13) (b) 38m. Medicolegal investigator.
19	SECTION 9. 440.05 (intro.) of the statutes, as affected by 2013 Wisconsin Act 20,
20	is amended to read:
21	440.05 Standard fees. (intro.) The following standard fees apply to all initial
22	credentials, except as provided in ss. 440.51, 444.03, 444.11, 446.02 (2) (c), 447.04 (2)
23	(c) 2., 449.17 (1m) (d), and 449.18 (2) (d), and 463.05 (2) (a):
24	SECTION 10. 440.08 (2) (a) 46t. of the statutes is created to read:

1	440.08 (2) (a) 46t. Medicolegal investigation: January 1, 2015, and every 4
2	years thereafter.
3	SECTION 11. Chapter 463 of the statutes is created to read:
4	CHAPTER 463
5	MEDICOLEGAL INVESTIGATION
6	463.01 Definitions. In this chapter:
7	(1) "Board" means the medicolegal investigation examining board.
8	(2) "Medical examiner" means a nonphysician medical examiner or a physician
9	medical examiner.
10	(3) "Medicolegal investigation staff member" includes a chief deputy coroner,
11	a deputy coroner, a deputy medical examiner, and any individual who assists the
12	office of a coroner or medical examiner with an investigation of a death. "Medicolegal
13	investigation staff member" does not include an individual performing solely
14	administrative functions in the office of a coroner or medical examiner.
15	(4) "Nonphysician medical examiner" means a medical examiner appointed
16	under s. 59.34 (1) (a) or 59.38 (5) who is not a physician.
۱7	(5) "Physician" has the meaning given in s. 448.01 (5).
18	(6) "Physician medical examiner" means a medical examiner appointed under
19	s. 59.34 (1) (a) or 59.38 (5) who is a physician.
20	463.05 Powers and duties of board. (1) DUTIES. The board shall do all of
21	the following:
22	(a) Promulgate rules specifying standards and curricula for the training and
23	education requirements to be satisfied by individuals who seek or possess a license
24	in medicolegal investigation.

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compliance with this chapter.

1	(b) Coordinate and provide, on a regional basis, the training and education
2	described in s. 463.10 (3) and (4) (a) 1. and (b) 2.
3	(c) Monitor compliance with the licensure requirements under this chapter.
4	(d) Approve instructor certification standards that must be satisfied in order
5	for a person to conduct the training and education required under s. 463.10(3) and
6	(4) (a) 1. and (b) 2.
7	(e) If a license issued under s. 463.10 is not renewed, do any of the following that
8	is applicable with respect to the holder of the license:
9	1. If the holder of the license is a coroner, send a statement to the governor
10	recommending removal of the coroner from office because of the coroner's failure to
11	renew the license.
12	2. If the holder of the license is a nonphysician medical examiner, send a
13	statement to the county board or county executive, if applicable, of any county in
14	which the individual serves recommending dismissal of the nonphysician medical
15	examiner because of the nonphysician medical examiner's failure to renew the
16	license.
17	3. If the holder of the license is a medicolegal investigation staff member, send
18	a notice to the office in which the individual works notifying the coroner or medical
19	examiner of the staff member's failure to renew the license.
20	(2) Powers. The board may do any of the following:
21	(a) Impose fees for initial licenses or for license renewals under s. 463.10 (2) and

(4). If the board imposes any fee under this paragraph, the board shall set the fee

at an amount commensurate with the cost of issuing licenses and monitoring

the following:

1	(b) Impose a fee for the receipt of training and education provided under sub.
2	(1) (b).
3	(c) Promulgate and enforce any rules not inconsistent with this chapter to
4	enforce this chapter.
5	463.10 License required; requirements to maintain license. (1) LICENSE
6	REQUIRED. (a) Except as provided in par. (b), no person may perform a death
7	investigation or perform the functions of a coroner, medical examiner, or medicolegal
8	investigation staff member without a license in medicolegal investigation issued
9	under this section.
10	(b) A physician medical examiner is not required to have a license in
11	medicolegal investigation issued under this section.
12	(2) Issuing of licenses. (a) Initial license. The board shall issue a license in
13	medicolegal investigation to an individual if all of the following are satisfied:
14	1. The individual is elected as a coroner, is appointed to fill a vacancy as a
15	coroner, is appointed as a nonphysician medical examiner, or is hired by a coroner
16	or medical examiner to serve as a medicolegal investigation staff member.
17	2. The individual pays any fee imposed by the board under s. 463.05 (2) (a).
18	(b) License renewal. The renewal date for a license issued under this subsection
19	is specified under s. 440.08 (2) (a). Before any renewal license is delivered to an
20	individual, the individual shall pay any fee established by the board under s. 463.05
21	(2) (a) and furnish to the board proof of completing all hours of training or education
<b>2</b> 2	required under sub. (3), subject to any waiver granted under sub. (3) (c).
23	(3) Training and education requirements. (a) Subject to par. (d), an individual
24	applying for an initial renewal of a license issued under sub. (2) shall satisfy all of

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<ol> <li>Complete 24 hours of training, as prescribed by the boat</li> </ol>		1. Complete 24	hours of training,	as prescribed b	v the board
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- 2 2. In addition to the hours of training required under subd. 1., do one of the following:
  - a. Complete 16 hours of training, as prescribed by the board.
  - b. Obtain a waiver from the requirement under subd. 2. a. in the method described under par. (c).
  - (b) An individual applying for a renewal of a license issued under sub. (2) subsequent to the renewal under par. (a) shall complete 24 hours of education, as prescribed by the board.
  - (c) The board may grant a waiver of the training requirement under par. (a) 2.

    a. to a coroner, nonphysician medical examiner, or medicolegal investigation staff member who holds a credential, in good standing, from a nationally recognized accreditation organization specializing in death investigation education and who applies to the board for a waiver in the method prescribed by the board.
  - (d) If an individual is issued an initial license under sub. (2) (a) when there is less than one year remaining until the next license renewal date, par. (a) does not apply to the individual until the individual's first renewal following a full, 4-year licensure term.
  - (4) OPTIONAL LICENSE. (a) *Initial license*. The board may issue a license in medicolegal investigation to an individual, other than an individual required to hold a license under sub. (1), who satisfies all of the following criteria:
  - 1. The individual successfully completes 40 hours of training, as prescribed by the board, and any additional requirements set by the board.
- 24 2. The individual applies to the board for a license in the manner prescribed by the board.

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1	3. The individual pays any licensing fee imposed by the board under s. 463.05
2	(2) (a).
3	(b) License renewal. The renewal date for a license issued under this subsection
4	is specified under s. 440.08 (2) (a). Before any renewal license is delivered to an
5	individual, the individual shall do all of the following:
6	1. Pay any fee established by the board under s. 463.05 (2) (a).
7	2. Furnish to the board proof of completing, in the 4-year period preceding the
8	renewal date, 24 hours of education, as prescribed by the board. This subdivision
9	does not apply to an individual applying for an initial renewal who is issued a license
10	under par. (a) when there is less than one year remaining until the next license
l1	renewal date.
12	3. Fulfill any other requirements of licensure as prescribed by the board.
13	(5) BOARD NOTIFICATION REQUIREMENT. An individual who is elected as a coroner
4	is appointed to fill a vacancy as a coroner, is appointed as a nonphysician medica
15	examiner, or is hired by a coroner or medical examiner to serve as a medicolega
16	investigation staff member shall, if he or she leaves his or her position as a coroner
17	medical examiner, or medicolegal investigation staff member, so inform the board.
8	463.15 Penalty. Any person who violates s. 463.10 (1) (a) shall be fined no
9	more than \$1,000 or imprisoned not more than 90 days.
20	Section 12. Nonstatutory provisions.

(1) EXAMINING BOARD; INITIAL TERMS. Notwithstanding the length of terms

specified for the members of the medicolegal investigation examining board under

section 15.405 (18) of the statutes, as created by this act, initial appointments to the

medicolegal investigation examining board shall be made as follows:

- (a) The forensic pathologist member under section 15.405 (18) (a) of the statutes, as created by this act; the member under section 15.405 (18) (c) of the statutes, as created by this act; the member under section 15.405 (18) (e) of the statutes, as created by this act; and the member under section 15.405 (18) (i) of the statutes, as created by this act, shall be appointed for terms expiring on July 1, 2016.
- (b) The coroner member under section 15.405 (18) (a) of the statutes, as created by this act; the member under section 15.405 (18) (b) of the statutes, as created by this act; the member under section 15.405 (18) (d) of the statutes, as created by this act; and the member under section 15.405 (18) (h) of the statutes, as created by this act, shall be appointed for terms expiring on July 1, 2018.
- (c) The medical examiner member under section 15.405 (18) (a) of the statutes, as created by this act; the member under section 15.405 (18) (f) of the statutes, as created by this act; and the member under section 15.405 (18) (g) of the statutes, as created by this act, shall be appointed for terms expiring on July 1, 2020.
  - (2) CURRENTLY SERVING INDIVIDUALS. (a) In this subsection:
- 1. "Medical examiner" means a nonphysician medical examiner or a physician medical examiner.
- 2. "Medicolegal investigation staff member" includes a chief deputy coroner, a deputy coroner, a deputy medical examiner, and any individual who assists the office of a coroner or medical examiner with an investigation of a death. "Medicolegal investigation staff member" does not include an individual performing solely administrative functions in the office of a coroner or medical examiner.
- 3. "Nonphysician medical examiner" means a medical examiner appointed under section 59.34 (1) (a) or 59.38 (5) of the statutes who is not a physician.
  - 4. "Physician" has the meaning given in section 448.01 (5) of the statutes.

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1	5. "Physician medical examiner" means a medical examiner appointed under
2	section 59.34 (1) (a) or 59.38 (5) of the statutes who is a physician.
3	(b) Notwithstanding section 463.10(2)(a) of the statutes, as created by this act,
4	the medicolegal investigation examining board shall issue an initial license in
5	medicolegal investigation under section 463.10 (2) of the statutes, as created by this
6	act, to every individual who is serving as coroner, nonphysician medical examiner,
7	and medicolegal investigation staff member in this state on the effective date of this
8	paragraph.
9	(c) 1. Notwithstanding section 463.10 (2) (a) 2. of the statutes, as created by this
10	act, no initial license fee may be imposed for individuals issued an initial license
11	under paragraph (b).
12	2. Notwithstanding s. 463.05 (2) (b), as created by this act, no fee may be
13	imposed for training provided by the board under s. 463.10(3)(a) 1. and 2., as created
14	by this act, for individuals issued an initial license under paragraph (b).
15	SECTION 13. Effective date.
16	(1) This act takes effect on the first day of the 13th month beginning after

(END)